

READY

WP1 Workshop no. 6

Meeting in Paris  
4-5 May 2017

"Final design, monitoring and mobility"



# Ringgaarden afd. 20, Trigeparken

## Heating installations

### > Objectives

1. Demonstration of low temperature DH housing installations 55/25°C
2. Reduce heat loss from piping installations (50% reduction compared with standard)
3. Test solution with "flatstations" vs solution with central domestic hot water tank
4. Test waste water heat recovery
5. Test PVT panels used as heat absorbers for heat pumps
6. Possible improved PVT on one block

Danfoss solutions

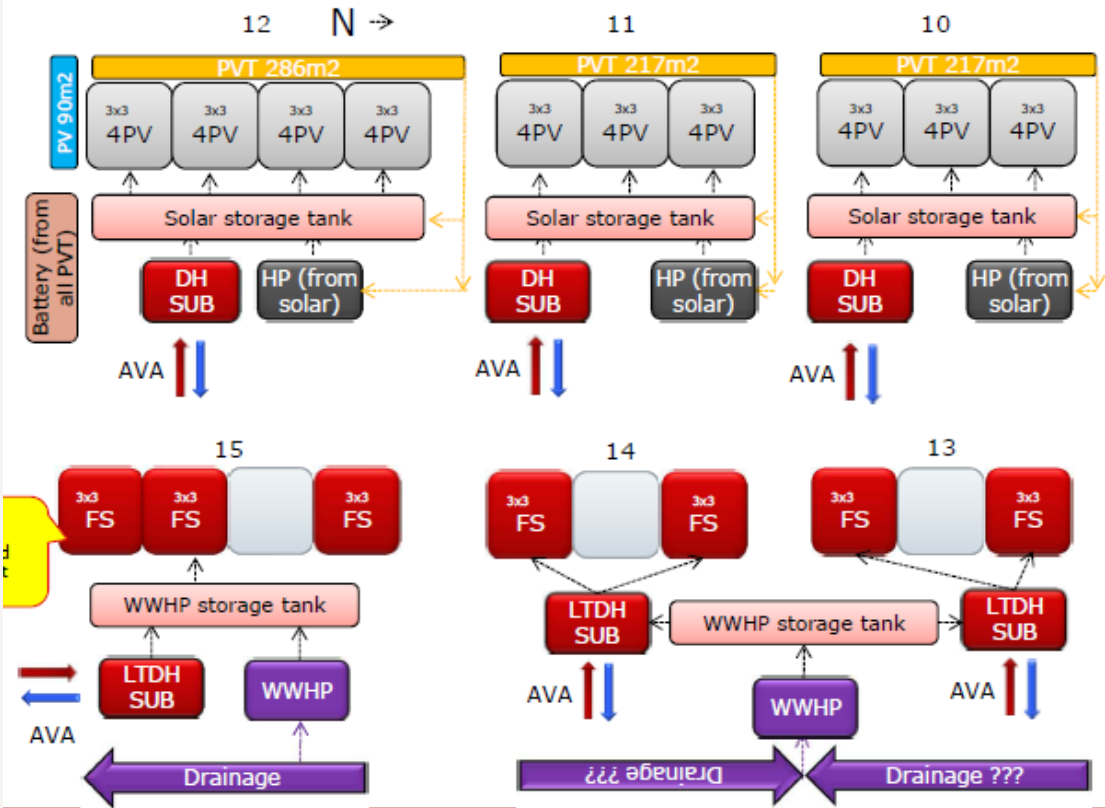
Version 4  
7-6-2016

# Afdeling 20, Trige, (DK2)

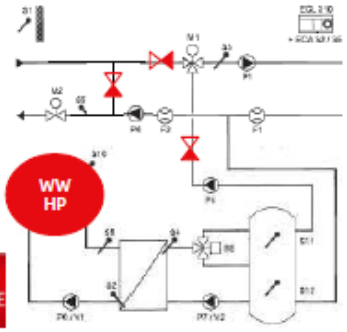
<http://8380.dk/ny-afdeling-20-trige-parkevej/>

requirement	T <sub>DHW, min</sub>	FS		4P		TH3 inner coil	
		DH	RES	DH	RES	DH	RES
1 60°C at DHW production place	60	67	72	67	72	72	77
2 50°C at any place of DHW system	50	57	52	60	65	65	70
3 45°C at kitchen tap	45	52	57	60	65	65	70

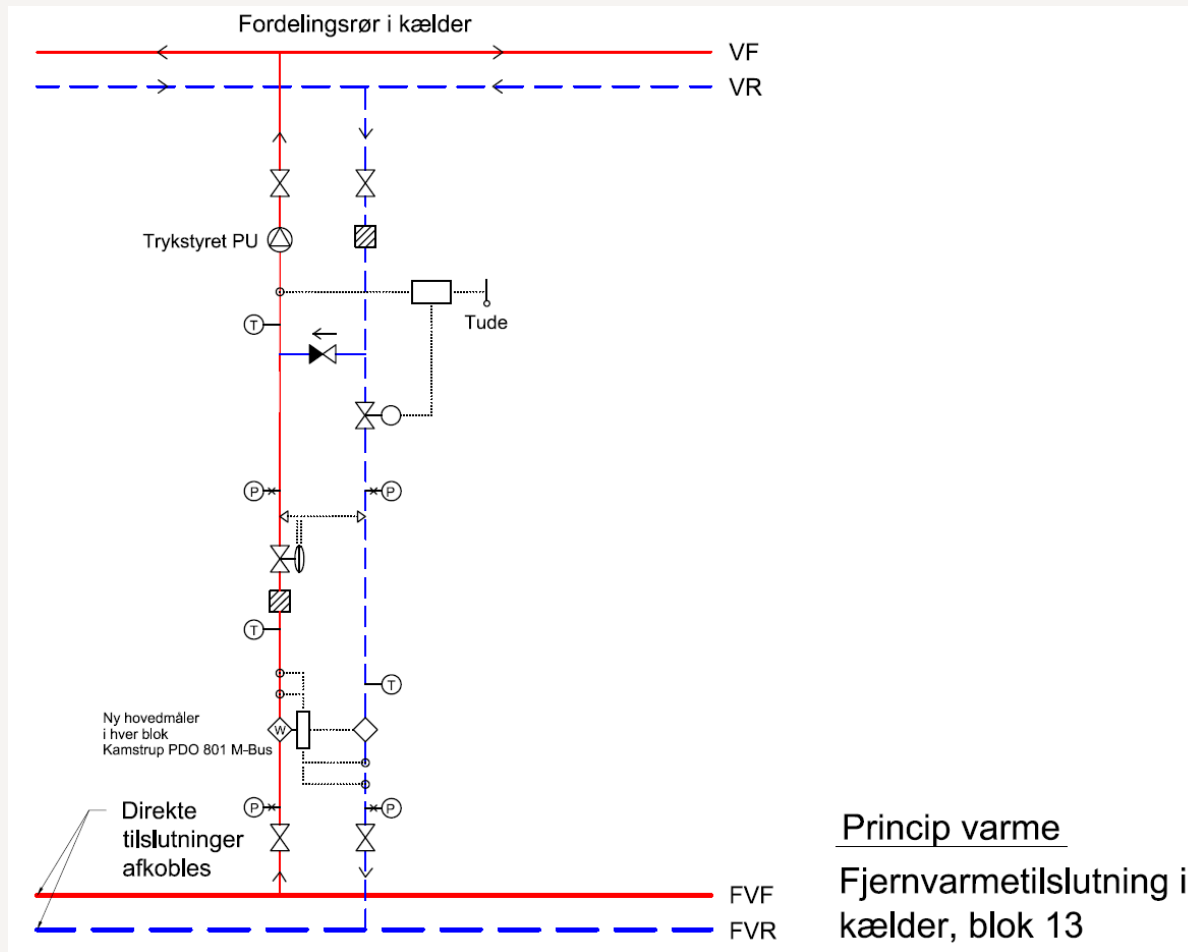
- One basement substation for each block
- 4PV = four pipes vertical system
- FS = flat stations
- 10-12: 3x basement unit, DH + solar thermal (incl. HP part)
- 13-15: 3 basement units = mixing loop, one WWHP integration
- Rest of 12 basement units and 156-42 FS available for afd. 21 (but there is nothing agreed yet)



Peter + Bjarne P501 – atypical modification



# DH Heating Shunt – direct connection



Min 50°C flow temp

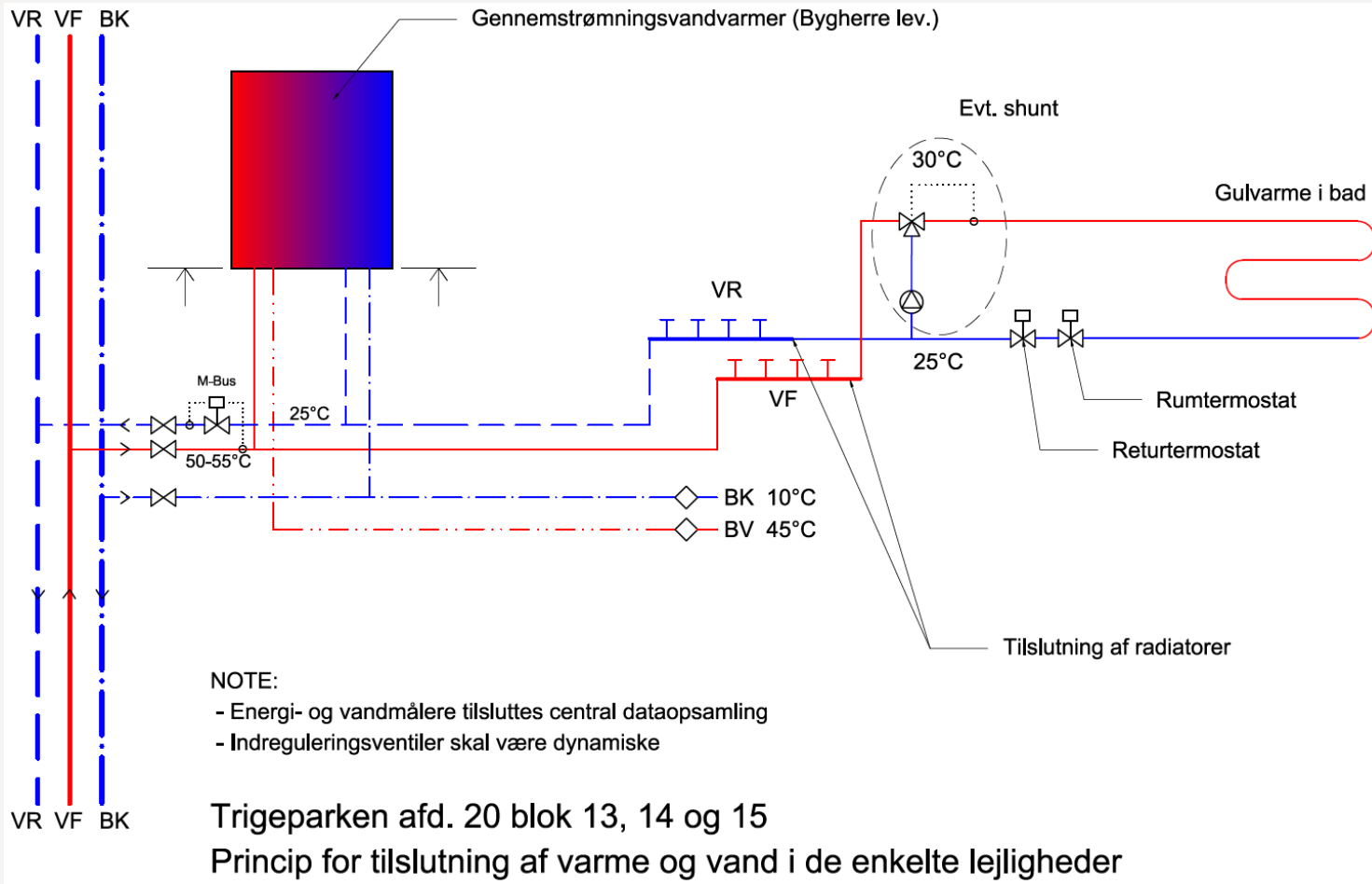
# Optimised flatstation from Danfoss

## > Advantages

- > designed for low temperature DH
- > insulated to lowest heat loss in market
- > superefficient heat exchanger HEX
- > cold HEX under idle load  $e_{\text{save}}^{\text{TM}}$
- > integrated differential pressure control
- > no circulation of hot water max 4 l vol.in pipes
- > stainless steel
- > no limestone fouling
- > no legionella
- > 32,3 kW DHW

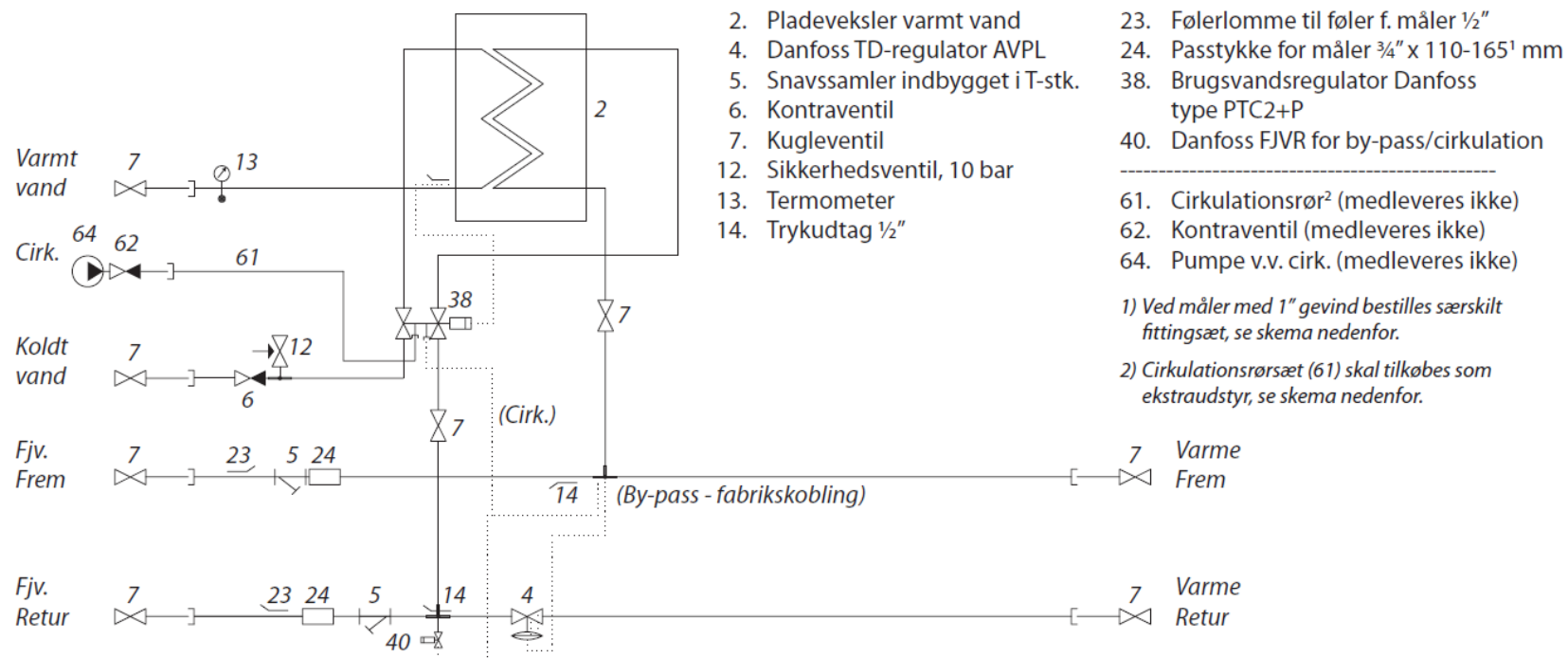


# Flat-station installation for DHW

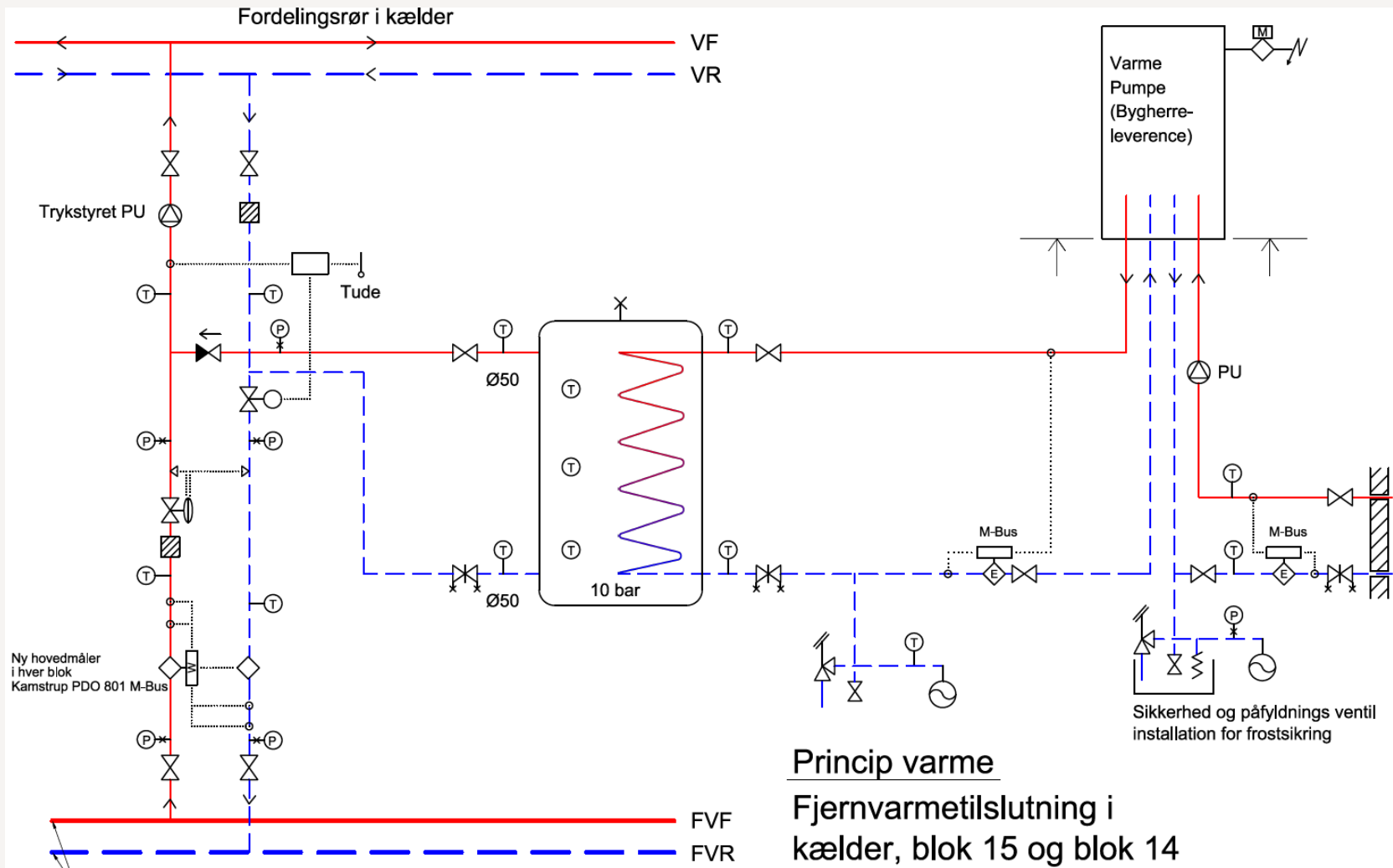


# Akva Les II TD

## Diagram – Eksempel



# Connection of heat pump for waste water heat recovery





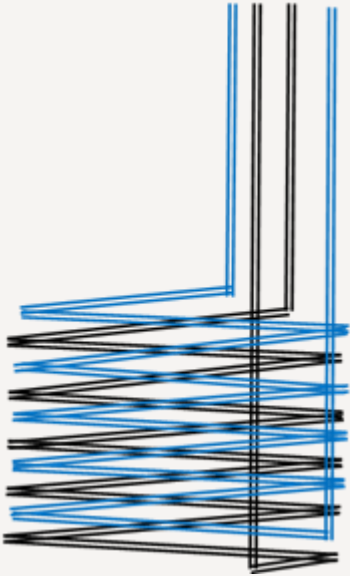
# Location of waste water heat exchangers



Spildevandsbrønd nr. 1 tilhørende varmepumpe nr. 1 monteres på spildevandledning fra blok 13 og 14. Spildevandsbrønd placeres mellem brødene KS9.9 og KS9.10



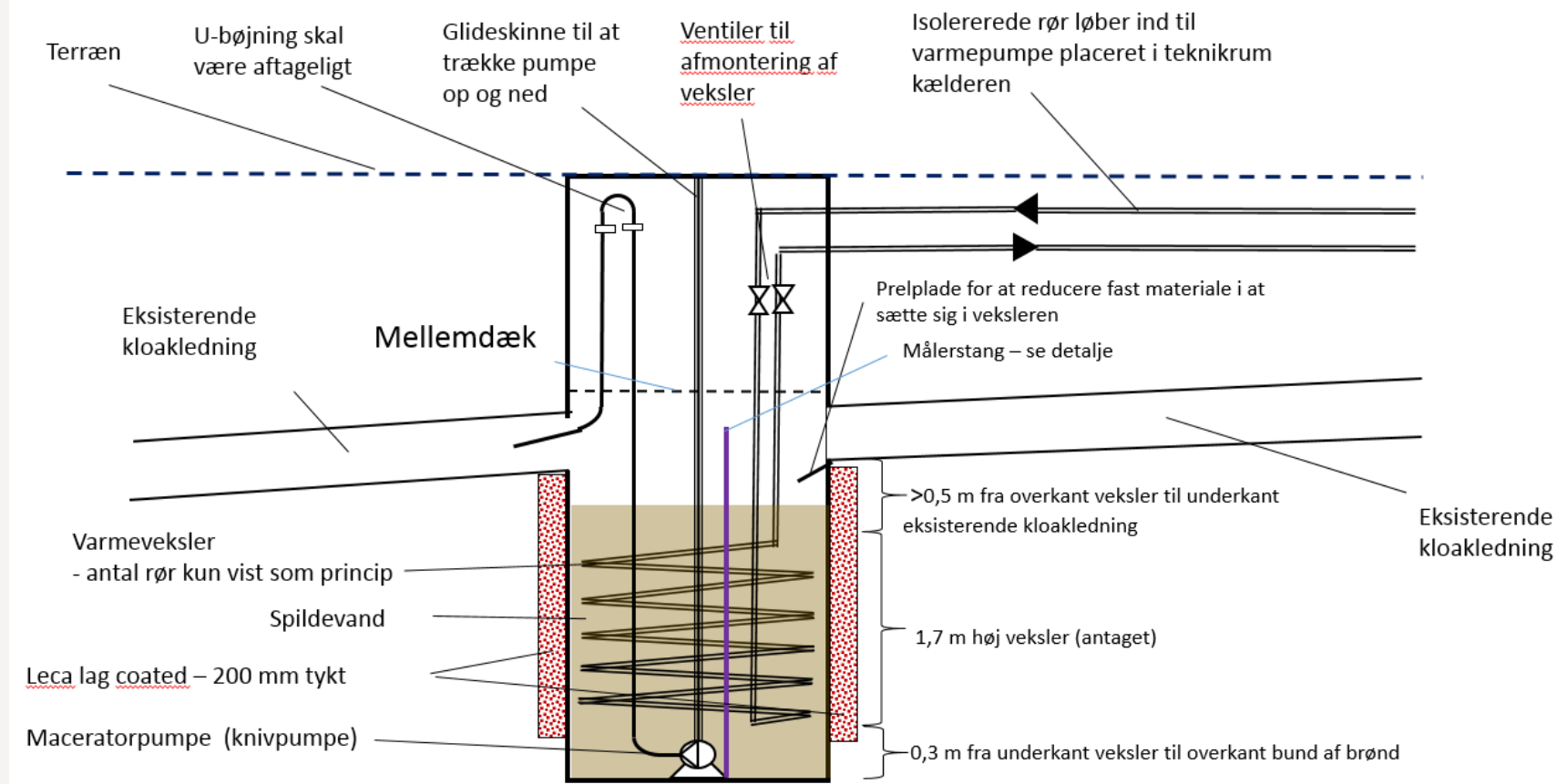
# Waste water heat exchanger



2 x  $\varnothing$  42 mm

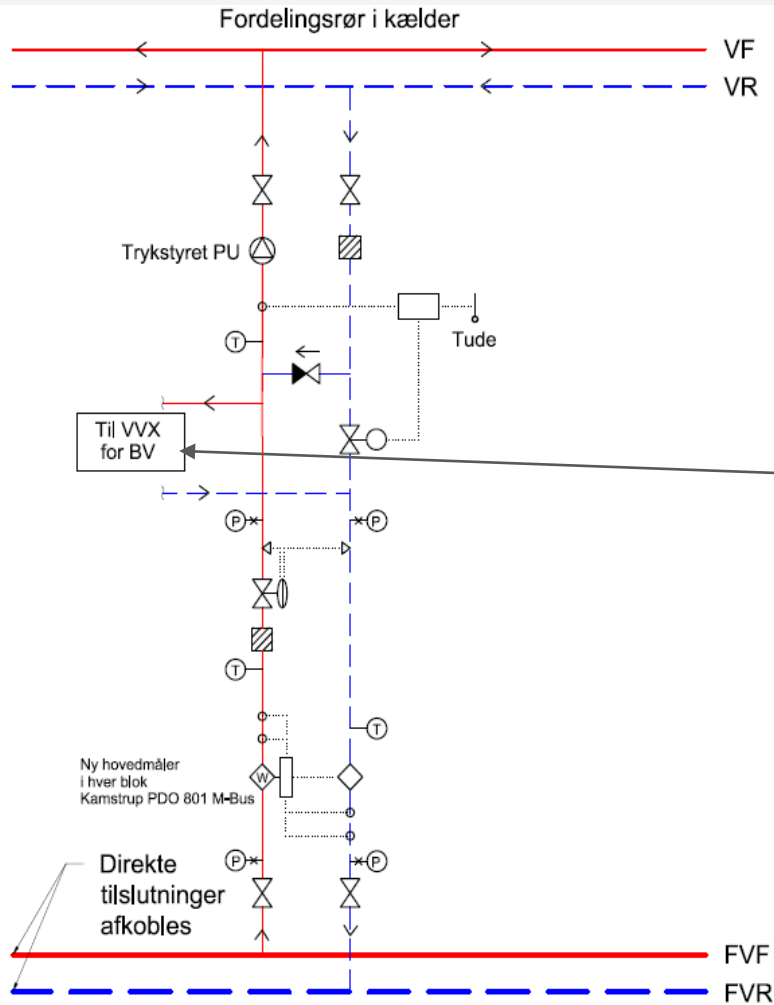
# General principle

## Princip for spildevandsbrønd – 1 – generel opbygning



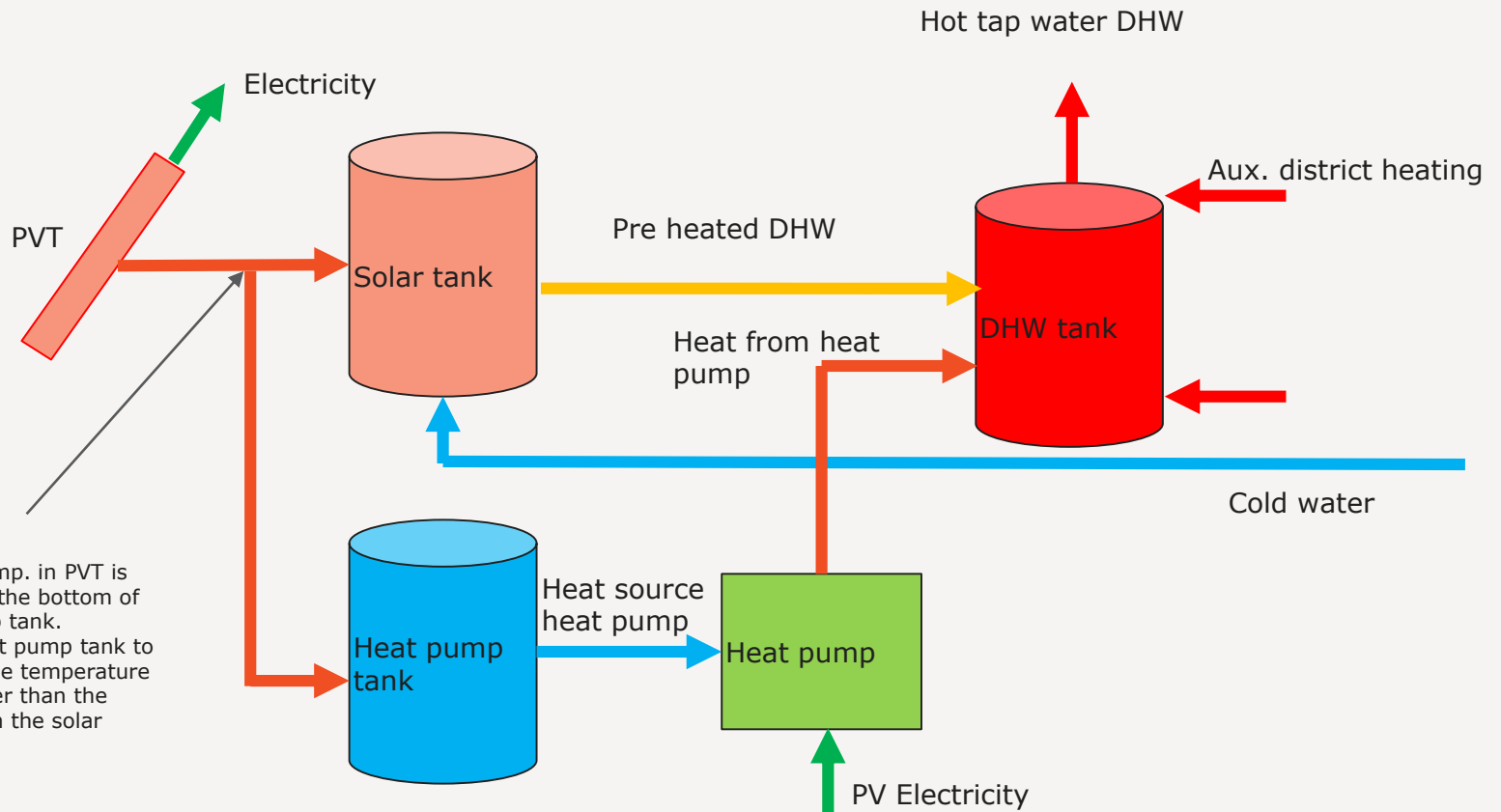
20-60°C flow temp

Black box connection to heat pump and PVT system



Princip varme  
Fjernvarmetilslutning i  
kælder, blok 10-11-12

> PVT energy absorber



Control:  
 Start when temp. in PVT is larger than in the bottom of the heat pump tank.  
 Shift from heat pump tank to solar tank if the temperature of PVT is higher than the temperature in the solar tank.

# System performance as a function of PVT area Calculated for one block.

PVT modules for heat pump. Performance as a function of the PVT area. Valid for one block.

PVT area	m <sup>2</sup>	220	110	55	27
Solar thermal energy to the system	kWh	34.842	33.767	32.348	29.113
Electricity production	kWh	29.863	16.208	8.061	3.785
Thermal production per m <sup>2</sup> PVT	kWh/m <sup>2</sup>	158	307	588	1.078
Electricity production per m <sup>2</sup> PVT	kWh/m <sup>2</sup>	136	147	147	140
Balance					
Demand for hot tap water	kWh	47.700	47.700	47.700	47.700
Circulation loss	kWh	6.000	6.000	6.000	6.000
Heat from heat pump		36.100	36.600	37.700	37.100
District heating		11.000	12.500	13.200	15.900
COP		4,1	4,0	4,0	3,9

As we install 220m<sup>2</sup> we can improve the PVT e.g. with transparent insulation on one block

# System performance for various size of storage tanks

Storage tank size. Solar / heat pump / water tank (m<sup>3</sup>). Valid for one block.

	3 - 2 - 1	1.5 - 2 - 1	1.5 - 1.5 - 1	1.5 - 1 - 1	1 - 1 - 1
Storage tanks m <sup>3</sup>					
PVT area	220	220	220	220	220
Solar thermal energy to the system	34.100	33.200	33.200	33.300	32.800
Electricity production	29.800	29.800	29.800	29.800	29.800
Thermal production per m <sup>2</sup> PVT	155	151	151	151	149
Electricity production per m <sup>2</sup> PVT	135	135	135	135	135
Demand for hot tap water	47.700	47.700	47.700	47.700	47.700
Heat from heat pump	35.700	36.500	36.400	36.300	36.900

# Day 2





# Agenda: 4<sup>th</sup> May morning, General and Aarhus

08:30	Registration and coffee
09:00	Advanced training programme (1 hour 30 min.)
	Discussion and feed back
10:30	Break
11:00	Communication: Latest activities (15 min.)
11:15	Behavioural campaign (45 min.) Status of Task 8.9
12:00	Energy Cities Conference - Stuttgart (15 min.) Short report from latest dissemination activity
12:15	Lunch
13:30	Transport with metro
14:30	Site visit at the ECO-neighbourhood "Le Trapèze". Address: Ile Seguin, 92100 Boulogne Billancourt. Guided tour through the neighbourhood which used to be a Renault Factory
16:00	End of site visit and program